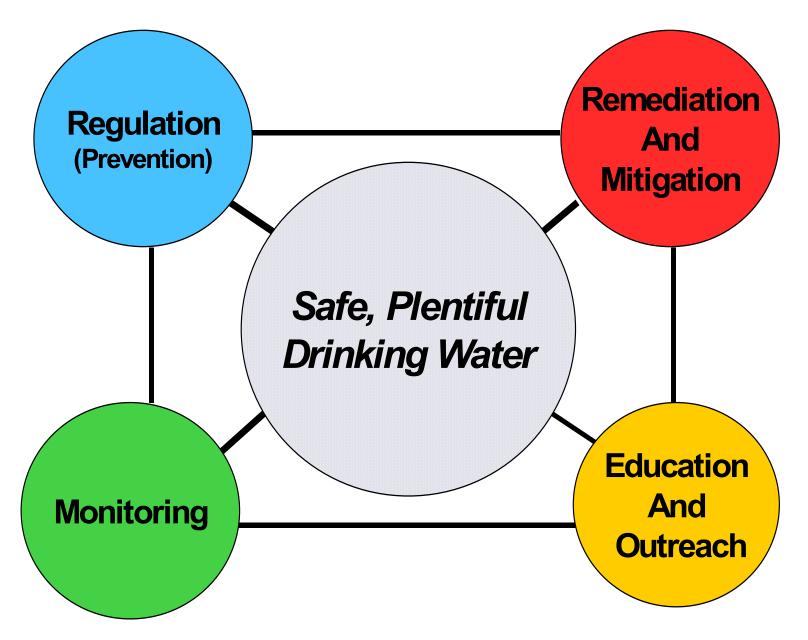


Building a Comprehensive Local Groundwater Management Program

Jill V. Trescott David Swenson

Groundwater Program Areas



Building a Comprehensive Local Groundwater Management Program

•

Build gradually

• Develop program piece-by-piece

•

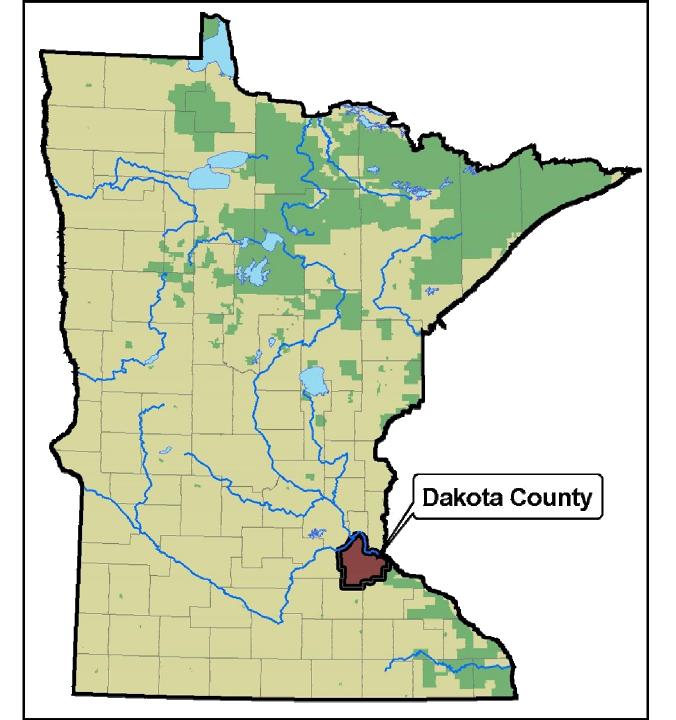
Build on strengths and opportunities

- Challenges
- Expertise
- Knowledge and Information
- Technology

•

Build public awareness

Let the public know what you're doing and why





Environmental Fund

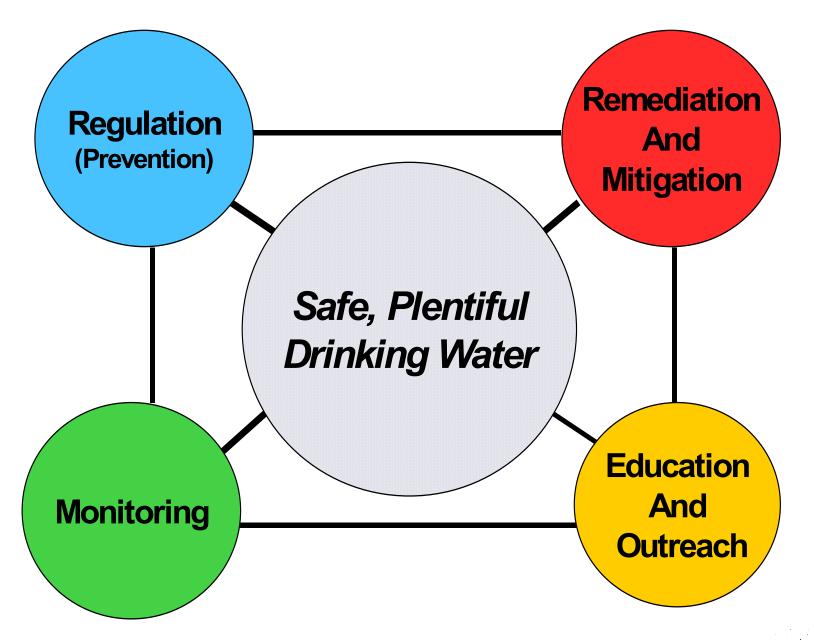
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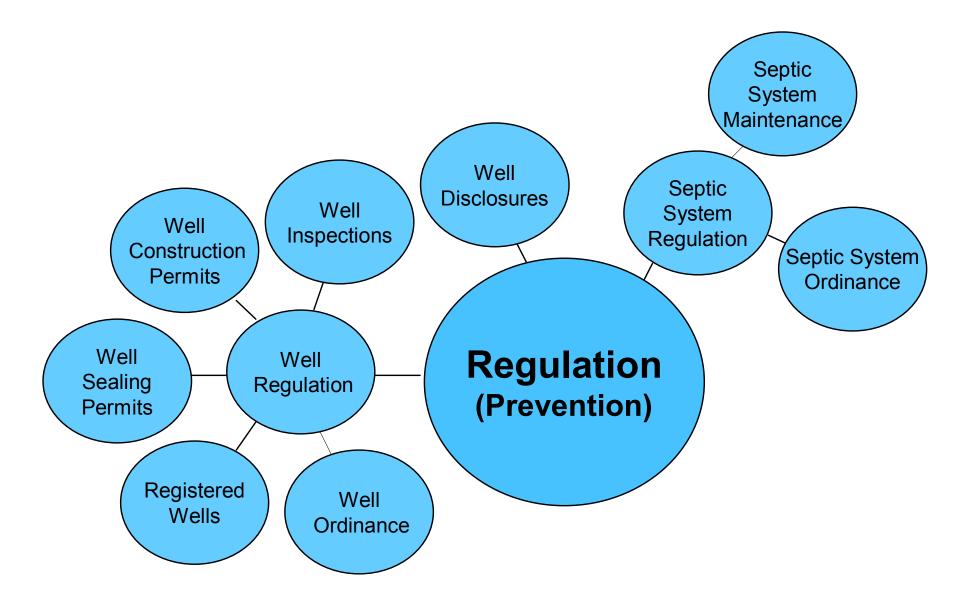
Fees

•

Grants

Groundwater Program Areas











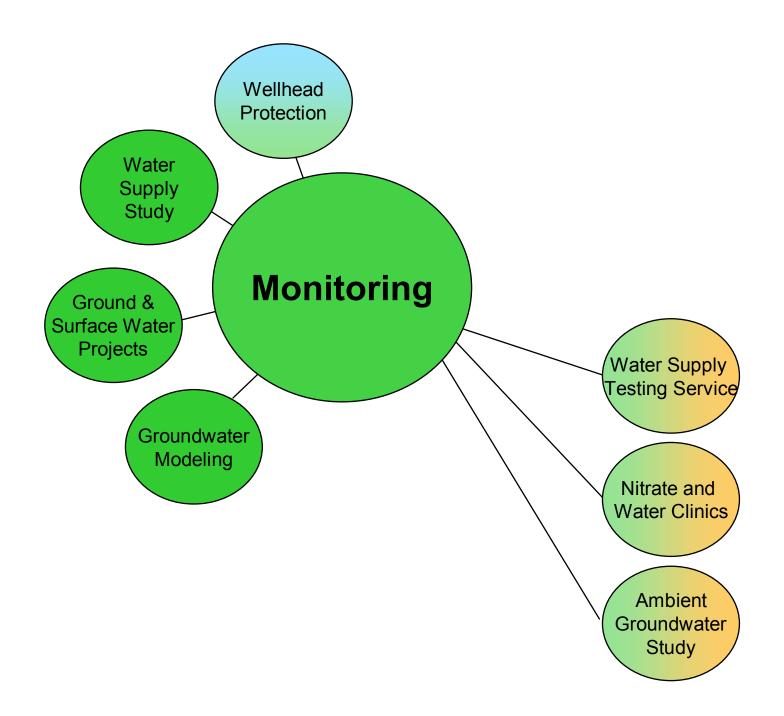
A roll of blue carpet is not proper grout!





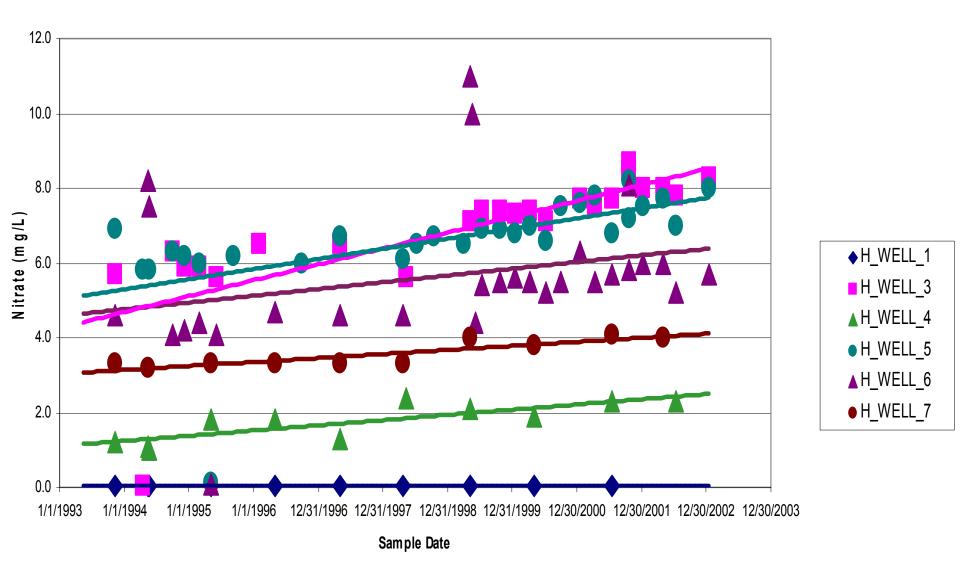
The first section of broad "drive pipe" is shown here being lowered into a well two miles northwest of Rosemount, Minn., while farmers and others watch, hoping that within two weeks oil will gush from this same pipe, spilling with its grimy substance wealth and leisure into their laps. The well will be known as Gunberg and Lund No. 1.



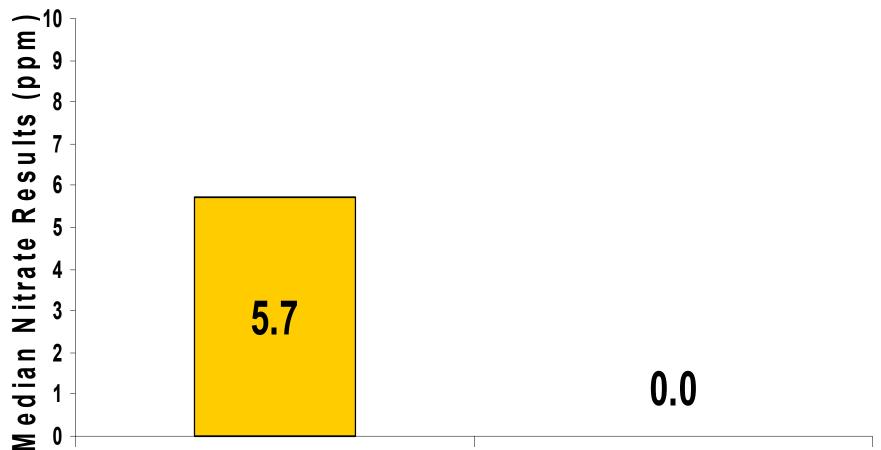




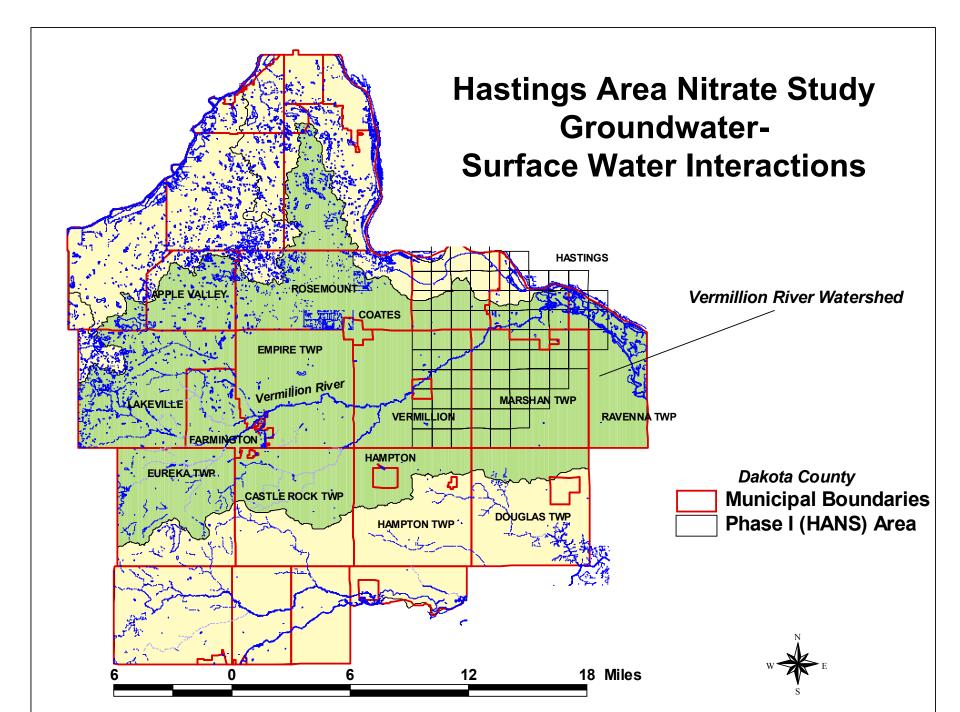
Nitrate Levels in Hastings' Municipal Wells



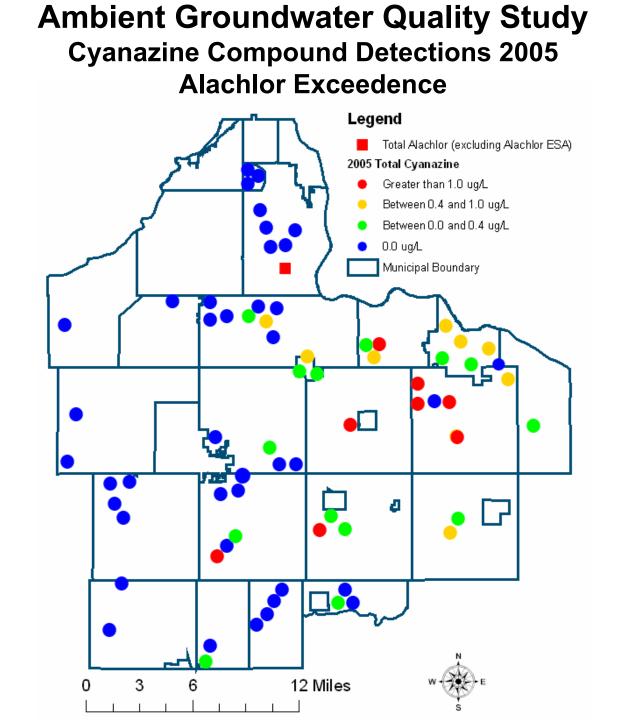
Hastings Area Nitrate Study Nitrate Levels in Private Drinking Water Wells n = 146

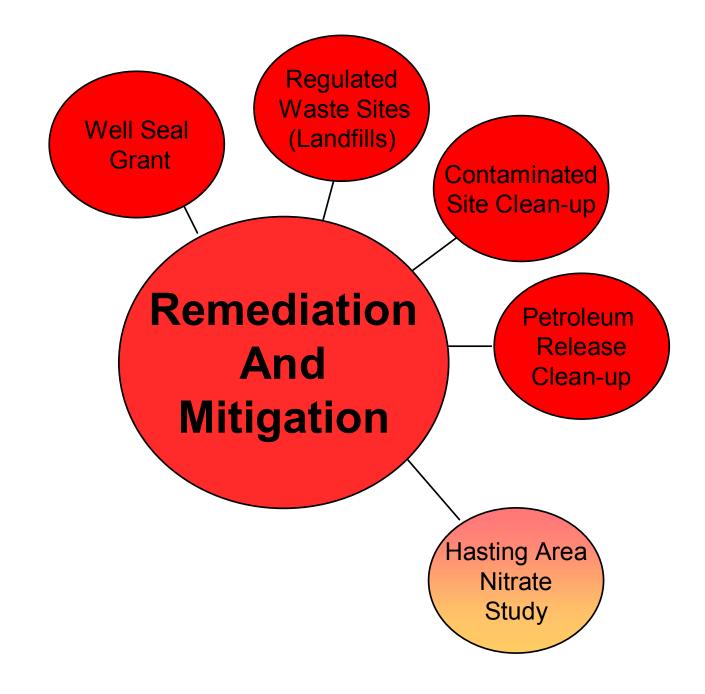


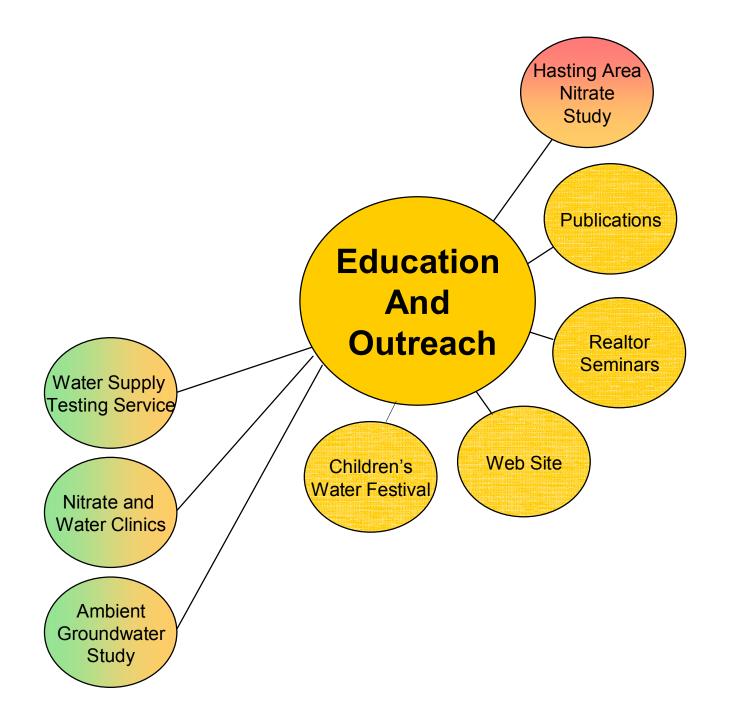
Wells Constructed Before Delegated Well Program Wells Constructed After Delegated Well Program (1989)













Clinic offers chance to test water quality

Ravenna Township meeting helps people test their water

By Keith Grauman the figure staff with

For those who get their drinking water from the city, the possibility of it containing impurities is something revely thought about. But for the 8.000 people in Dakota County who have private wells; the safety of their drinking water is something they can't ignora.

Last week Dekota County held a "nitrate clinic" in the Ravenna Town Hall, allowing residents to bring in samples of water from their private wells. to have it tested for nitrates.

Nitrates are a naturally occurring chemical found in air; water and soil. However, nitrates from fortilizers and

run-off from animal waste or septic systems can seep into the pround water and cause harmful levels of the chemical.

The eastern part of Dakotz County is more susceptible to ground water contamination because the soil is more sandy and porous, making it easier for contaminants to make their way into the ground water.

Every year since 1999. Dakota County has conducted its own tests of private wells. and the results have raised. concerns about different chettijeals found in people's drinking water. Among the items tested for include nitrates, agricultural posticides and areenic.

Of the 68 private wells tested in 2005 by Dakota County, 18 percent of them had concentrations of nitrates that exceeded the safe drinking

Turn to Water / 2/



Olanivi Ovebode tests a water sample during. nitrate clinio last week in Bavenna Township.

> Keih Grauman J Ster Gazette

Water From 1A Officials test water for nitrates

water standard of 10 mil- Vermillion Township, was ligrams per liter.

Attendees of the clinic could set the nitrate test done for free. Home kits, which test for a wider range of contaminants. were available for \$50.

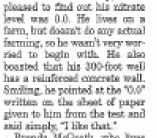
With a line nearly out the door, local residents waited to have their water tested by a machine called a spectrophotometer, which tests for nibrate levels by shining a light at the how the light is reflected.

Of the 203 samples tested for nitrates at the clinic, the high was 39, which is nearly four times the safe drinking water standard. Jeff Luchrs, a Dakota County Water Resources Specialist, said in that case they recommend. installing a reverse comosis device to filter drinking water. Matt Storm, who lives in

pleased to find out his nitrate level was 0.0. He lives on a farm, but doasn't do any actual factuing, so he wasn't very worried to begin with. He also boasted that his 300-front well has a reinferced concrete wall. Smiling, he pointed at the "0.0". written on the sheet of paper riven to him from the test and

water samples and reading off of 200th Street in Revenna, 2.8, which she was happy shout as well.

High levels of nitrates have been known to cause a condition among infants younger than six months called "blue syndrome." which baby. impeirs the ability of the blood to carry oxygen. Prolonged ingestion can also cause more serious illnesses or even death.



Brenda McGrath, who lives wallted away with a reading of



Nitrate and Pesticides in Private Drinking Water Wells in Dakota County

July 2006

Dabota

Inside:

been found?

with elevated

What are

water?

pesticides?

nitrate levels?

to ensure that

your family has safe drinking

about your own

well water?

What is nitrate?

What testing has 2 Dakota County done? What has

What health risks 3 are associated

What can you do 4

What can you tell 6

2

3

A message from

The Dakota County Board of Commissioners to the owners of private drinking water wells:

Dakota County staff has been conducting a long-term study of groundwater and private wells. The results raise concerns about contamination found in some residential wells that we think you should know about.

The information in this brochure, and on our website, is to inform private well owners that contaminants with potential health risks have been detected in some private drinking water wells in Dakota County. Treatment systems, available commercially, **can** remove the types of contaminants found.

City water supplies are regularly tested for many contaminants, but private well testing is the responsibility of the well owner. If your drinking water is provided by the city, this brochure may not directly apply to you.

We are sending this letter to all 8,000 private well owners in Dakota County because we are committed to ensuring safe, healthy citizens and a quality physical environment.

Go to www.co.dakota.mn.us/environ/water.htm or call 952-891-7557 if you have questions about your drinking water or would like to request a water test kit. A small fee is charged for the water test.

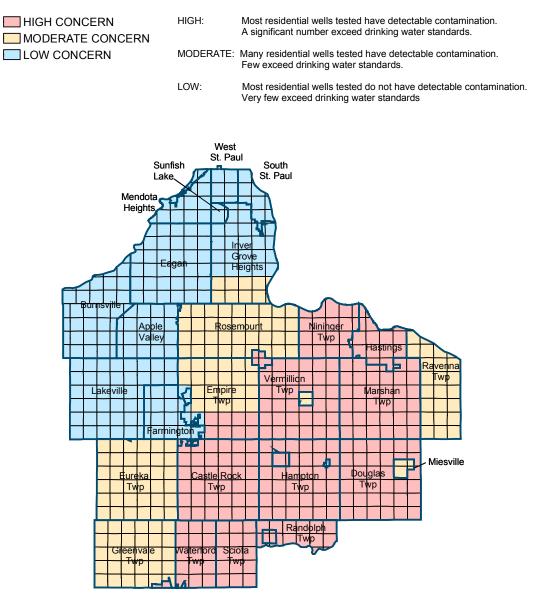
If you use private well water in your home or business, ensure that your family and employees are drinking safe water by:

- Testing your water for collform bacteria each year, and for nitrate every two to three years
- Installing and maintaining a point-of-use water treatment system if necessary
- Protecting your well from contamination.

This information is applicable to private well owners in Dakota County:

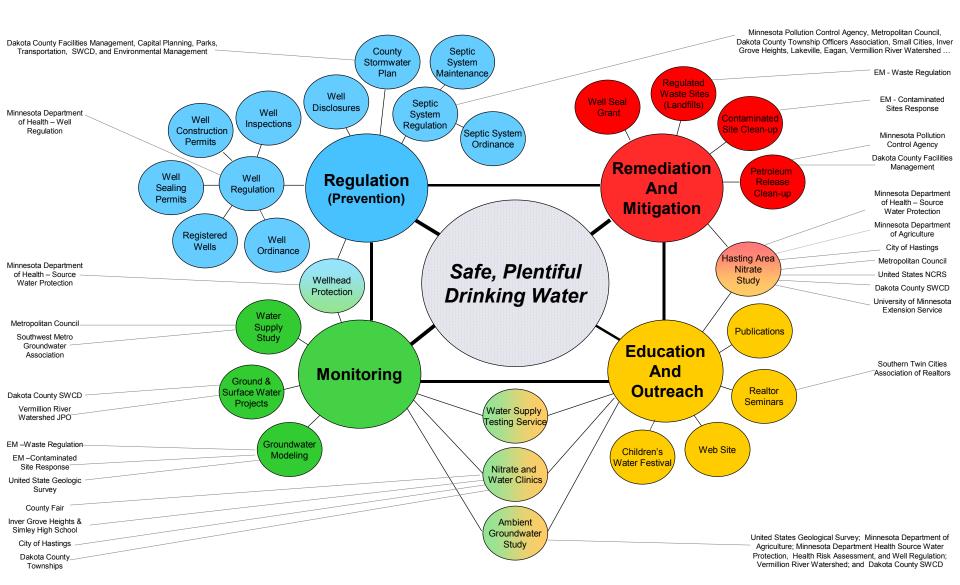
- A long-term study detected contaminants presenting potential health risks in private drinking water wells
- Reverse-osmosis treatment can remove this contamination
- Test your water for collform bacteria each year; test for nitrate every two or three years

Dakota County Groundwater Quality Areas of Concern June 2006



Disclaimer: This map represents general groundwater conditions as found in private, residential wells. Results for individual wells will vary.

Dakota County Water Resources Groundwater Management Summary



Contact Information:

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